



# LNCRNA NR2F1-AS1 INHIBITS THE MALIGNANT PROPERTIES OF CERVICAL CANCER CELLS VIA TARGETING MIR-642A-3P/NR2F1 AXIS

This is a correction to Fig. 2 and Figs. 7D and 7E of the article: *LncRNA NR2F1-AS1 Contributes to Malignant Properties of Cervical Cancer Cells Via Targeting miR-642a-3p/NR2F1 Axis*, published in vol. 74(4): 181-92 of *Rev. Invest Clin.* –*Clinical and Translational*

*Investigation*–, by Zhang et al. DOI: 10.24875/RIC.22000137.

The authors state that the changes do not affect the interpretation or conclusions of the article.

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Figure 2. Overexpression of NR2F1-AS1 inhibits the malignant phenotypes of CC cells. **A**: the transfection efficacy of pcDNA3.1/NR2F1-AS1 in SiHa and SW756 cells was confirmed by RT-qPCR. **B**: cell viability was detected by MTT assay on NR2F1-AS1 overexpression. **C**: the influence of NR2F1-AS1 upregulation on cell proliferation was tested by colony formation assay. **D-E**: transwell assays were utilized for the examination of CC cell migration and invasion after transfecting pcDNA3.1/NR2F1-AS1. **F-G**: western blot and RT-qPCR were performed to evaluate the expression levels of EMT process-related markers at protein and mRNA levels after overexpressing NR2F1-AS1. \*\* $p < 0.01$ , \*\*\* $p < 0.001$ .

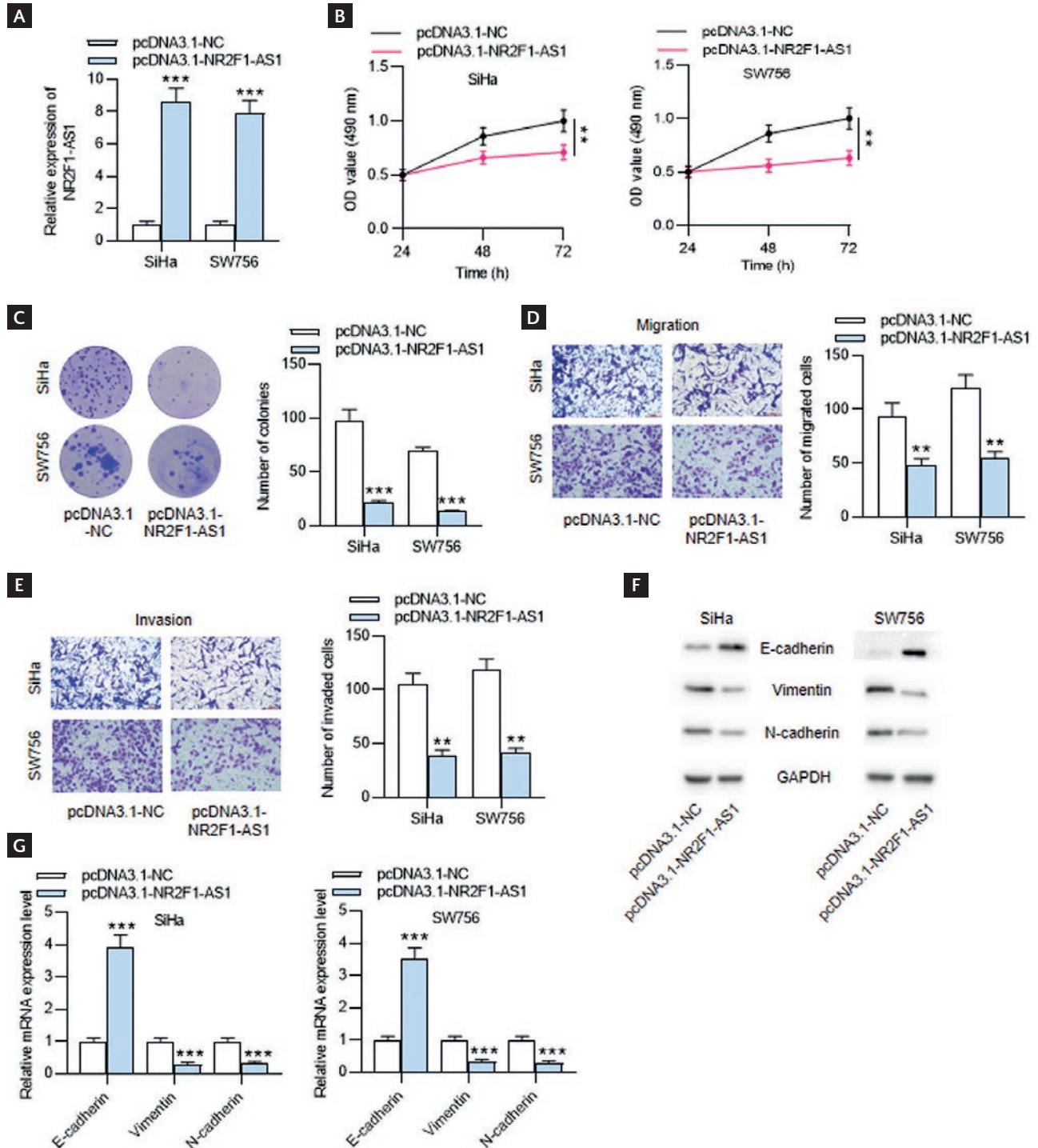


Figure 7. NR2F1-AS1 inhibits CC cell phenotypes by regulating the miR-642a-3p/NR2F1 axis. **A:** the mRNA and protein expression of NR2F1 in SiHa cells transfected with sh-NR2F1 was detected by RT-qPCR and Western blot analysis. **B:** MTT assay was conducted to examine cell viability after transfection with pcDNA3.1-NC, pcDNA3.1/NR2F1-AS1, pcDNA3.1/NR2F1-AS1+sh-NR2F1#2, pcDNA3.1/NR2F1-AS1+sh-NR2F1#2, and pcDNA3.1/NR2F1-AS1+miR-642a-3p mimics. **C:** cell proliferation was estimated by performing colony formation experiment in different groups. **D-E:** transwell assays were performed to test the migratory and invasive capacities of CC cells after the indicated plasmids transfection. **F-G:** the protein and mRNA expression levels of genes associated with EMT process were measured by Western blot analysis and RT-qPCR in SiHa cells after the transfection of the indicated plasmids. \* $p < 0.05$ , \*\* $p < 0.01$ , \*\*\* $p < 0.001$ .

